

1. Show that $641 \mid 2^{32} + 1$ using that $641 = 5^4 + 2^4 = 5 \cdot 2^7 + 1$. (Euler)
2. Show that for positive odd integers a, b we have $(2^a - 1, 2^b + 1) = 1$.
3. Show that for positive integers a, b we have $(3^a - 1, 3^b - 1) = 3^{(a,b)} - 1$.
4. Show that if a and b are coprime (i.e. $(a, b) = 1$) and ab is a square then a and b are both squares. Show that if x is an even square then $x - 1$ is not a cube (except, of course, for $-1 = (-1)^3$).
5. Show that for a, b integers we have $(a, b)[a, b] = ab$ and that $[a, b]$ divides every common multiple of a and b .
6. Show that the following two congruences are equivalent for the integers a, b, c, m (where $m > 0$):

$$ac \equiv bc \pmod{m} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \equiv b \pmod{\frac{m}{(c, m)}}.$$

7. Give all integral and all positive solutions of the following linear equations!
 - (i) $288x + 204y = 30$ and
 - (ii) $288x + 204y = 300$.
8. Describe the solutions of the following linear congruences!
 - (i) $288x \equiv 30 \pmod{204}$,
 - (ii) $288x \equiv 300 \pmod{204}$ and
 - (iii) $204y \equiv 300 \pmod{288}$.
9. What is the decimal (base 10) representation of the number $\overline{120201}_3$?
10. Change the base from decimal!
 - (i) Convert 26 to base 16, 8, 4, 2, 5, 26!
 - (ii) Convert 2020 to base 2, 8 and 16!
11. What is the number $\overline{ab}_7 = \overline{ba}_{10}$?
12. Is there a limit on the length of a number that is in base 10 and equal to some rearrangement of its digits in base 7? (In the previous exercise we had length 2.)